## **Service Handbook**

# **COMMERCIAL GAS WATER HEATERS**

## FOR MODELS: BCG370T120-5NOX Through (A)BCG385T390-6NOX Series 100-108



PO Box 1597, 500 Princeton Road Johnson City, TN 37605 INSTALLATION CONSIDERATIONS - PRE SERVICE CHECKS - CONSTRUCTION - OPERATION & SERVICE - TROUBLESHOOTING



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## INTRODUCTION

The service handbook is designed to aid in servicing and troubleshooting American BCG370T120-5NOX through (A)BCG385T390-6NOX commercial water heaters in the field. No duplication or reproduction of this book may be made without the express written authorization of the American Water Heaters.

The following text and illustrations will provide you with a step by step procedure to verify proper installation, operation, and troubleshooting procedures. Additional quick reference data is included to assist you in servicing these products.

The information contained in this handbook is designed to answer commonly faced situations encountered in the operation of this product line and is not meant to be all inclusive. If you are experiencing a problem not covered in this handbook, please contact American Water Heaters Technical Information at 1-800-456-9805, by email at <u>help@americanwaterheater.com</u>, or your local American Water Heaters representative for further assistance. Our website at: www.americanwaterheater.com also a resource for installation and service information. This handbook is intended for use by licensed plumbing professionals and reference should be made to the installation manual accompanying the product. This handbook contains supplemental information to the product's installation and operation manual.

## QUALIFICATIONS

"Qualified Service Technician" or "Qualified Agency"

Installation and service of this water heater requires ability equivalent to that of a Qualified Agency (as defined by ANSI below) in the field involved. Installation skills such as plumbing, air supply, venting, gas supply and electrical supply are required in addition to electrical testing skills when performing service.

ANSI Z223.1 Sec. 3.3.85: "Qualified Agency" - "Any individual, firm, corporation or company that either in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for (1) the installation, testing or replacement of gas piping or (2) the connection, installation, testing, repair or servicing of appliances and equipment; that is experienced in such work; that is familiar with all precautions required; and that has complied with all the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction."

Service of this water heater requires ability equivalent to that of a Qualified Service Technician in the field involved. Installation skills such as plumbing, air supply, venting, gas supply, electrical supply are required in addition to electrical testing skills. Some products may require combustion testing equipment and certification. If you do not possess these skills or do not have the proper tools you should not attempt to service this water heater.

#### SERVICE WARNING

If you are not qualified (as defined by ANSI above) and licensed or certified as required by the authority having jurisdiction to perform a given task do not attempt to perform any of the procedures described in this manual. If you do not understand the instructions given in this manual do not attempt to perform any procedures outlined in this manual.

#### SERVICE REMINDER

When performing any troubleshooting step outlined in this manual always consider the wiring and connectors between components. Perform a close visual inspection of all wiring and connectors to and from a given component before replacement. Ensure wires were stripped before being crimped in a wire connector, ensure wires are crimped tightly in their connectors, ensure connection pins in sockets and plugs are not damaged or worn, ensure plugs and sockets are mating properly and providing good contact.

Failure to perform this critical step or failing to perform this step thoroughly often results in needless down time, unnecessary parts replacement, and customer dissatisfaction.

## **TOOLS REQUIRED**

- Electrical multimeter capable of measuring continuity/ ohms, ac & dc volts, amperes, microamperes, millivolts, and frequency (hz)
  - UEi Model DL289 or equivalent
- Digital manometer + 60" W. C., resolution 0.01" increments

**Note:** A digital manometer is required for testing pressure switches and can replace a gas pressure gauge, draft gauge or slack tube manometer for checking gas pressure.

- UEi model EM200 or equivalent
- Water pressure gauge w/lazy hand and hose bibb connection
- Thermometer
- 1-1/16 Inch socket with extension for anode replacement
- Phillips head screwdriver
- Set of numbered drill bits
- Standard screwdrivers
- 3/8, 7/16, 1/2 and 9/16 inch open end wrench







## GAS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

		Gas Supply Pressure		Gas		
Models	Gas Type	Minimum	Maximum	Manifold/ Pressure	Volts/Hz	Amperes
All Models	Natural	5.2" W.C. (1.29 kPa)	14.0" W.C. (3.48 kPa)	120/60	120/60	< 5

All models require a minimum gas supply pressure of 5.2" W.C. The minimum supply pressure is measured while gas is flowing (dynamic pressure). The supply pressure (dynamic) should never fall below 5.2" W.C. The supply pressure should be measured with all gas fired appliances connected to the common main firing at full capacity. If the supply pressure drops more than 1.5" W.C. as gas begins to flow to the water heater then the supply gas system including the gas line and/or the gas regulator may be restricted or undersized.

The gas valve on all models has a maximum gas supply pressure limit of 14" W.C. The maximum supply pressure is measured while gas is not flowing (static pressure).

## **GAS PRESSURE – REQUIREMENTS**

Main line gas pressure to the water heater for natural gas should be between a **maximum** of 14" W.C. (3.48 kPa) static pressure and a **minimum** of 5.2" W.C. (1.29 kPa) dynamic pressure for Natural Gas.

A supply gas pressure regulator (service regulator) must be installed on the gas supply line no closer than 3 feet (1 meter) and no farther than 8 feet (2.4 meters) of equivalent length from the water heater's inlet connection.

- 1. Check gas line pressure with a manometer.
- 2. Cycle the burner on and off several times to check its operation.
- 3. Check the operation of the limit and operating controls.
- 4. Check the vent system seams and joints and ensure that there is no discharge of flue products into the room.
- 5. Check the input rate.

Supply gas pressure shall be measured while the water heater is not firing (static pressure) and while the water heater is firing at full capacity (dynamic pressure). If the supply gas pressure to the water heater is not between the required minimum and maximum values given in table above, adjust the supply gas regulator as necessary. Adjust the supply gas regulator(s) per the regulator manufacturer's instructions to achieve the required "static" and "dynamic" supply gas pressure.

#### MULTIPLE APPLIANCE INSTALLATIONS:

In multiple water heater installations or in installations where the installed water heater(s) share a common gas supply main with other gas fired appliances; the supply gas pressures shall be measured at each water heater with all gas fired appliances connected to a common main firing at full capacity.

In multiple water heater installations the supply gas line regulators shall be adjusted to provide gas pressure to each water heater within the minimum and maximum supply pressure requirements listed in table above with all gas fired appliances connected to a common gas main firing at full capacity.

**Note:** A pressure drop of more than 1.5" W. C. (0.37 kPa) when the main burner ignites is an indication of an inadequate supply of gas and can lead to ignition failure, rough starts and/or rough operation. If a drop of more than 1.5" W. C. (0.37 kPa) in supply gas pressure occurs when the main burner ignites, ensure the supply gas lines and regulator(s) are properly sized and installed.

#### AIR SUPPLY:

Stoichiometric or theoretical complete combustion requires 10 cubic feet of air per 1,000 BTU of gas supplied. The National Fuel Gas Code also recommends an additional 2.5 cubic feet of "excess" air. For information on minimum make-up air opening sizes for various building installations, refer to the National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1.



**INSUFFICIENT MAKE-UP AIR, NEGATIVE AIR PRESSURE AND DOWNDRAFTS:** 



Downdraft Caused by Kitchen Vent Hood

A lack of combustion and ventilation air can create a negative ambient air pressure in the installed space. The vent system on one or more gas fired appliances can experience down drafts due to the outdoor air pressure being greater than the ambient air pressure in the installed space. Where multiple gas fired appliances are installed, one or more gas fired appliances can "pull air" through the vent system(s) of other appliances installed nearby.

One common example is in a restaurant installation where exhaust vent equipment was not considered in sizing make-up requirements. This condition may result in air being back drafted by the restaurant exhaust equipment through the heater causing the draft proving switch to open and/or erratic heater shutdown.

· Down drafts can cause flue gases to spill into the installed space.

#### MAKE-UP AIR - DIRECT COMMUNICATION WITH OUTDOORS:

A fresh supply of make-up air for combustion can be supplied to the water heater through make-up air ducts, which directly communicate with the outdoors. (Not Direct Vent.)

Two openings are required: one within 12 inches of the top of the enclosure and one within 12 inches of the bottom of the enclosure. Each opening must have a free area of not less than 1 square inch per 4,000 BTU/Hr of the total input of all appliances within the enclosure. The lower opening primarily provides combustion air. The upper opening provides vent dilution air and acts as a relief opening for flue gases should the vent become obstructed or a downdraft condition occur.



Additionally, when the water heater is installed in a confined space and communicating with the outdoor air, one permanent opening, beginning within 12 inches (30 cm) of the top of the enclosure, must be permitted where the equipment has clearances of at least 1 inch (2.5 cm) from the sides and back, and 6 inches (16 cm) from the front of the appliance. The opening must directly communicate with the outdoors and must communicate through a vertical or horizontal duct to the outdoors or spaces (crawl or attic) that freely communicate with the outdoors, and must have a minimum free area of a) 1 square inch per 3,000 BTU/Hr (7cm<sup>2</sup> per kW) of the total input of all equipment located in the enclosure and b) not less than the sum of the areas of all vent connectors in the confined space.

#### AIR REQUIREMENTS:

For safe operation an adequate supply of fresh uncontaminated air for combustion and ventilation must be provided. An insufficient supply of air can cause recirculation of combustion products resulting in contamination that may be hazardous to life. Such a condition often will result in a yellow, luminous burner flame, causing sooting of the combustion chamber, burners and flue tubes and creates a risk of asphyxiation.

Do not install the water heater in a confined space unless an adequate supply of air for combustion and ventilation is brought in to that space using the methods described in the Confined Space section of the Instruction Manual.

Never obstruct the flow of ventilation air. If you have any doubts or questions at all, call your gas supplier. Failure to provide the proper amount of combustion air can result in a fire or explosion and cause property damage, serious bodily injury or death.

#### **CLOSED WATER SYSTEMS:**

Water supply systems may, because of code requirements or such conditions as high line pressure, among others, have installed devices such as pressure reducing valves, check valves, and back flow preventers. Devices such as these cause the water system to be a closed system.

#### THERMAL EXPANSION:

As water is heated, it expands (thermal expansion). In a closed system the volume of water will grow when it is heated. As the volume of water grows there will be a corresponding increase in water pressure due to thermal expansion. Thermal expansion can cause premature tank failure (leakage). This type of failure is not covered under the limited warranty. Thermal expansion can also cause intermittent Temperature-Pressure Relief Valve operation: water discharged from the valve due to excessive pressure build up. This condition is not covered under the limited warranty. The Temperature-Pressure Relief Valve is not intended for the constant relief of thermal expansion.

#### CONTAMINATED AIR:

Corrosion of the flue ways and vent system may occur if air for combustion contains certain chemical vapors. Such corrosion may result in failure and risk of asphyxiation.

Combustion air that is contaminated can greatly diminish the life span of the water heater and water heater components such as hot surface igniters and burners. Propellants of aerosol sprays, beauty shop supplies, water softener chemicals and chemicals used in dry cleaning processes that are present in the combustion, ventilation or ambient air can cause such damage.

Do not store products of this sort near the water heater. Air which is brought in contact with the water heater should not contain any of these chemicals. If necessary, uncontaminated air should be obtained from remote or outdoor sources. The limited warranty is voided when failure of water heater is due to a corrosive atmosphere. (See limited warranty for complete terms and conditions).

#### **POWER SUPPLY:**

The water heaters covered in this manual require a 120 VAC, 1Ø (single phase), 60Hz, 15 amp power supply and must also be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/ NFPA 70 or the Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1.

## **MINIMUM CLEARANCES**

This water heater is approved for installation on combustible flooring in an alcove with minimum clearance from combustion construction as indicated in below Figure and Table.

In all installations the minimum combustible clearances from vent piping shall be 6" (15.2 cm). Vent piping passing through a combustible wall or ceiling must be a continuous run (no joints) and retain 6" (15.2 cm) clearance unless an approved reducing thimble is used.

A service clearance of 24" (61 cm) should be maintained from serviceable parts, such as Temperaturepressure relief valves, baffles, digital thermostats, cleanout openings or drain valves.

The units are approved for installation with side, rear and ceiling clearances as indicated below:

#### MINIMUM CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLE OR NON-COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION:

MODELS	"A" RIGHT SIDE	"B" LEFT SIDE	"C" BACK	"D" CEILING
70T120 thru 100T275	2"	2"	2"	12"
85T310 and 85T366	6"	6"	6"	12"
85T390	3"	3"	3"	12"

A, B, and C clearances to non-combustibles is "0" inches except for the 85T310 which is 3". The 12" ceiling clearance remains unchanged for all models.



\* INCLUDES 6" FROM VENTING AND FLUE BAFFLE SERVICE CLEARANCE. \*\* ALL HORIZONTAL VENT PIPING SHALL HAVE A RISE OF 1/4" PER FOOT MINIMUM, SEE "VENTING".

## **EXTERIOR CLEARANCES**

The illustration below shows the required clearances for venting units using natural draft venting.

The vent must extend at least 3 feet above the highest point where it passes through a roof of a building and at least 2 feet higher than any portion of a building within a horizontal distance of 10 feet (for vents of 12 inches in diameter or less).

References: NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 may allow reduction to 8 feet with a "listed vent cap".



## GAS VALVE

The supply gas pressure is normally measured at the gas valve inlet gas pressure tap, if available, when the gas is flowing. The manifold gas pressure is measured at the manifold pressure tap of the gas valve when the gas is flowing. Gas valves used are 24 volt AC combination-step opening gas valves. They incorporate the main valve and gas pressure regulator into one body. The inlet view of the gas valve shown on the left, shows the Low Gas Pressure Switch, the Supply Gas Inlet, and the Supply Gas Pressure Tap.



The top view of the gas valve, shown on the right, shows the Main Gas Regulator, Manifold Pressure Tap, Top Knob, and the Limited Bleed Vent Port. The main gas regulator is found under the silver cap (silver cap for Natural Gas or black cap for Propane) screw. It is factory preset to 3.5 inches W.C. and adjusts gas pressure output from 3.0 to 5 inches water column. Caution: Always test the manifold pressure at the outlet when the gas is flowing.

The outlet view of the Gas Valve, shown on the right, shows the Manifold Gas Outlet Connection, the two 24 volt Main Valve (MV) Solenoid connections, and the Manifold Pressure Tap. The two yellow wires from the 12-pin plug on the Ignition Board attach to the MV terminals.



## **GAS VALVE**

All models are classified by ANSI as Category I (non-condensing, negative pressure venting) appliances. They are approved for type B vent. The draft inducer does not pressurize the exhaust.



For larger applications all models can be common vented together, either in a tapered manifold or constant size manifold.

Follow the National Fuel Gas Codes requirements for sizing and installation of fan-assisted products. Common vent only with other Category I appliances.

See the Venting Section in the National Fuel Gas Code.



## **VENTING TABLES FOR CATEGORY 1 – TYPE B GAS VENT**

#### Multiple Gas Fired Tank-Type Heaters

When venting multiple Category 1 tank type heaters using Type B vent pipe, follow the installation tables below which give sizing and data based upon NFPA 54 ANSI Z223.1.



Input: 120,000 Btu/hr							Tota	l Vent	Heig	ht (Fe	et)		
Vent Connector Size: 5 inch	es			6	8	3	10	15	20	) (3	30	50	100
	Input Btu/hr	R	ise			Vent	Conr	ecto	r Diai	neter	(Inch	es)	
	120,000	1	Ft.	6	6	6	5	5	5		5	5	5
	120,000	2	Ft.	5		5	5	5	5		5	5	5
	120,000	3	Ft.	5	5	5	5	5	5		5	5	5
Number of Heaters	Combined Input (Btu/hr)				Mani	fold ar	d Co	mmo	n Ver	t Dia	meter	s (Inch	es)
2	240,000			7	1	7	7	6	6		6	6	6
3	360,000			8	8	3	8	7	7		7	6	6
4	480,000			9	(	9	9	8	8		7	7	7
Input: 154,000 Btu/hr							Tota	l Vent	Heig	ht (Fe	et)		
Vent Connector Size: 6 inches				6	8	3	10	15	20		30	50	100
	Input Btu/hr	R	ise			Vent	Conr	ecto	r Diai	neter	(Inch	es)	
	154,000	1	Ft.	6	6	6	6	6	6		6	6	6
	154,000	2	Ft.	6	6	6	6	6	6		6	6	6
	154,000	3	Ft.	6	6	6 6		6	6		6 6		6
Number of Heaters	Combined Input (Btu/hr)	Combined Input (Btu/hr)		Manifold and Common Vent Diameters (Inches)								es)	
2	308,000			8	8	3	7	7	7		6	6	6
3	462,000			9		9	9	8	8		7	7	7
4	616,000			12	1	0	10	9	9		8	8	7
Input: 180,000 and 199,000 Btu	/hr						Tot	al Vei	nt Hei	ght (F	eet)		
Vent Connector Size: 6 inch					6	8	10		15	20	30	50	100
	Input Btuh/hr		Rise			Ve	nt Co	nnect	or Dia	amete	r (Inch	es)	
	180,000/				7	7	6		6	6	6	6	6
	199,000		1 Ft.		7	7	7		6	6	6	6	6
	180,000		2 Ft.		6	6	6		6	6	6	6	6
	199,000		Z Fl.		7	7	6		6	6	6	6	6
	180,000		3 Ft.		6	6	6		6	6	6	6	6
	199,000		511.		6	6	6		6	6	6	6	6
Number of Heaters	Combined Input (Btu/h	r)		Man	nifold	and C	ommo	on Ve	nt Di	amete	ers (In	ches)	
2	360,000				8	8	8		7	7	7	6	6
۷	398,000				9	8	8		8	7	7	7	6
3	540,000				10	9	9		9	8	8	7	7
5	597,000				10	10	10		9	9	8	8	7
4	720,000	]			12	12	10		0	9	9	8	8
7	796,000				12	12	12		0	10	9	9	8

Input: 250,000 Btu/hr						Total	Vent H	leight	(Fee	et)		
Vent Connector Size: 6 inches				8		10	15	20	3	0	50	100
	Input Btuh/hr	Rise	1		Vent	Conn	ector	Diame	ter (	Inche	s)	
	250,000	1 Ft.	8	8		7	7	7	(	3	6	6
	250,000	2 Ft.	7	7		7	7	6	(	3	6	6
	250,000	3 Ft.	7	7		7	7	6	(	3	6	6
Number of Heaters	Combined Input (Btu/hr)	Ma	anifold	and (	Comr	non V	ent Di	iamet	ers (	Inche	s)	
2	500,000		10	9		9	8	8	8	3	7	7
3	750,000		12	12	2	12	10	9		9	8	8
4	1,000,000		14	14		14	12	12	1	0	9	9
Input: 275,000 Btu/hr						Total	Vent H	leight	(Fee	et)		
Vent Connector Size: 6 inches			6	8		10	15	20	3	0	50	100
	Input Btuh/hr	Rise	Ť			Conn				-		
	275,000	1 Ft.	8	8		8	7	7	<u> </u>	3	6	6
	275,000	2 Ft.	8	8		7	7	7	+	3	6	6
	275,000	3 Ft.	7	7		7	7	7		3	6	6
Number of Heaters	Combined Input (Btu/hr)	Ma	anifold	and (	Comr	non V	ent Di	iamet	ers (	Inche	s)	
2	550,000		10	10		9	9	8	8	3	7	7
3	825,000		14	12	2	12	10	10	1	9	9	8
4	1,100,000		14	14	L I	14	12	12	1	2	10	9
Input: 310,000 Btu/hr						Total	Vent H	leight	(Fee	et)		
Vent Connector Size: 6 inches			6	8		10	15	20	3	0	50	100
	Input Btuh/hr	Rise	1		Vent	Conn	ector	Diame	eter (	Inche	s)	
	310,000	1 Ft.	-	8		8	8	7		7	6	6
	310,000	2 Ft.	8	8		8	7	7		7	6	6
	310,000	3 Ft.	8	8		8	7	7		7	6	6
Number of Heaters	Combined Input (Btu/hr)	Ma	anifold	and (	Comr	non V	ent Di	iamet	ers (	Inche	s)	
2	620,000		12	10	)	10	9	9	3	3	8	7
3	930,000		14	14	<u>ا</u> ۱	12	12	10	1	0	9	9
4	1,240,000		16	14	<u>ا</u> ۱	14	14	12	1	2	10	9
Input: 366,000 and 390,000 Btu/hi	·					Tota	al Vent	t Heig	ht (F	eet)		
Vent Connector Size: 6 inches			6	3	8	10	15	5	20	30	50	100
	Input Btuh/hr	Rise			Vei	nt Con						1.00
	366,000			-	-	-	8		8	7	7	6
	390,000			-	-	- 1	- 1		8	7	7	6
	366,000			-	-	8	8		8	7	7	6
	390,000	2 Ft.		-	-	-	8		8	7	7	6
	366,000	0.51		-	8	8	8		7	7	6	6
	390,000			-	-	8	8		8	7	7	6
Number of Heaters	Combined Input (Btu/hr)		Manifo	ld an	d Cor	nmon	Vent	Diam	eter	s (Inc	hes)	
0	732,000		1	2	12	12	10	2	9	9	8	8
2	780,000		1	2	12	12	1(	)	10	9	9	8
3	1,098,000		1	4	14	14	12	2	12	12	10	9
ى ب	1,170,000		1	6	14	14	14	4	12	12	10	9
4	1,464,000		1	6	16	16	14	4	14	12	12	10
7	1,560,000		1	6	16	16	14	4	14	14	12	10

## **DRAFT PROVING PRESSURE SWITCH – SETTINGS**



DRAFT PROVING PRESSURE SWITCH TABLE					
SBN Models	Pressure Setting To Close Switch (Inches W.C.)				
70T120	-2.40" ± 0.07"				
80T150	-2.20" ± 0.07"				
100T180, 100T250	-1.60" ± 0.07"				
95T199	-3.00" ± 0.10"				
100T199, 100T200	-1.95" ± 0.07"				
100T275	-2.30" ± 0.07"				
85T310	-2.60" ± 0.10"				
85T366	-2.00" ± 0.07"				
85T390	-1.75" ± 0.07"				

Note: Pressure Switch Contacts are Normally Open "N.O." and close on a fall in pressure.







## GAS CONTROL VALVE/ BURNER AREA VIEW



	Н	SI
31-7	Part Number	194405
	Volts AC Nominal	80 VAC
	Ohms Resistance	11.0 - 20.0 @ 77° F (25° C)
	NOTICE FLAME ROD CRO FLAME .125"	DSSES PATH OF

## **OPERATING SEQUENCE**

The following information will describe the Sequence of Operation for this water heater:

- 1. Switch power on to unit.
- 2. Thermostat calls for heat.
- 3. Ignition Control Board performs diagnostic check on system components.
- 4. On completion of diagnostics check, the Ignition Control Board sends signal to Exhaust Inducer.
- 5. Exhaust Inducer begins drawing air through the water heater closing the Prover Switch.
- 6. On completion of Prover Switch engagement, the Ignition Control Board begins the ignition cycle.
- 7. The Ignition Control Board provides power to the Silicon Nitride Igniter.
- 8. The Silicon Nitride Igniter heats up for approximately 17 to 20 seconds.
- 9. At the end of Silicon Nitride Igniter's warm-up, the Ignition Control Board opens the Gas Valve.
- 10. From the time the Gas Valve opens, the Ignition Control Board waits 3 seconds and then shuts of power to the Silicon Nitride Igniter.
- 11. From the time the Silicon Nitride Igniter's power is shut off, the Ignition Control Board waits 3 more seconds to monitor the Flame Sensor.
- 12. If the Flame Sensor does not detect a strong enough flame, the Ignition Control Board shuts off the Gas Valve and allows the Exhaust Inducer to purge the unit for 20 seconds. At that time, the Ignition Control Board restarts with step 7. It will try and ignite the main burners 2 more times. If the unit does not light, the Ignition Control Board will wait one hour and then restart at step 3. This cycle will continue until the unit lights or the power is shutoff to the unit.
- 13. If the Flame Sensor detects a strong flame, the Ignition Control Board will allow the unit to operate until the thermostat is satisfied.
- 14. Once the unit is satisfied, the Ignition Control Board will shut off the Gas Valve and the unit will be in standby mode until another call for heat is initiated by the thermostat.

## **OPERATING SEQUENCE – FLOW CHART**



#### **TEST 1 - 120 VAC CHECK TO HEATER:**

- No Green display "Power" LED On.
- Plugs are in receptacles.
- Supply power breaker is not "open".
- On/Off heater switch is "On".



	120 VAC check to water heater ON/OFF switch.
TEST 1	Check for 115-125 VAC black wire to ground\
	115 VAC check to E13 Terminal and 2B receptacle.
IF	THEN
Voltage is not present from on/off	Check conditions above.
switch center black wire to ground	Check wiring from switch to break box.
Power is present from center on/off	Check power from on/off switch to ignition board terminal E13.
terminal	
Voltage is not present at E13 to	Check wiring from on/off. Left-outside terminal to E13.
ground	Replace on/off switch.
Power is present at E13	Check power from E14 to water heater control E2 receptacle.
Voltage is not present from water	Check wiring from ignition control board E14 to water heater
heater control receptacle E2 black to	control receptacle E2.
ground	Replace ignition control board.
Power is present at E2	Green LED should be on.

- Power On.
- Red, heater control "Call for Heat" LED on.
- Red, ignition control board diagnostic LED Flashing.
- Note LED Flash Code before resetting heater.

LED Status	Indication
1 Flash	System is in lock out.
2 Flashes	Draft proving (pressure) switch failed to open within 5 seconds at the end of the last cycle.
3 Flashes	Draft proving (pressure) switch failed to close within 5 seconds after the inducer was started. The low gas pressure switch (closes at 5.2" ± 0.4" W. C.) may have remained open (Natural Gas only).
4 Flashes	Open on high temperature limit switch (ECO).
5 Flashes	Not used.
6 Flashes	115-volt supply power connection is indicating reversed polarity.
7 Flashes	Flame sensor reads a low flame signal for more than 4.25 sec.
8 Flashes	No ignition sensed.
Continuous Flash	Continuous flame sensed for more than 5 seconds without gas valve being energized.
Continuous ON	Internal control board failure.

- No hot water.
- Green "Power" LED On.
- Tank temperature is more than 5°F below thermostat setting.
- Red ignition control board diagnostic LED is flashing 6 times between pauses.







	POLARITY CHECK
TEST 2	Check from ON/OFF switch center terminal to ground and white wire terminal to ground.
115-125 VAC is not present.	See Test 1.
Voltage is present white (right terminal) to ground but not black (center terminal) to ground.	Reverse supply wire connections - polarity is reversed.

## **TEST 3 – CONTINUITY CHECK OF HIGH LIMIT (ECO)**



- Power On No Hot Water.
- Red, heater control "Call for Heat" LED On.
- Red ignition control board diagnostic LED 4 Flashing.
- Note LED Flash Code before resetting water heater control.
- See Description of diagnostic LED Flashes.
- Turn Power Off.

TEST 3	Continuity check of ECO (energy cut-out, high limit). Black to Black wires of upper probe. Power is off.					
IF	THEN					
Continuity is indicated (ZERO "0.0" Resistance)	Opens at 203° F; closes at 193° F. If water is below 193° F, continuity is correct.					
Continuity is not present (meter reads "0.L")	Replace ECO sensor, if water temperature is below 193° F.					
Water is less than 120° F	Reset status LED should be on. Replace heater control if control will not manually reset.					

## **TEST 4 – UPPER TEMPERATURE PROBE CONTINUITY CHECK**



#### **CONDITIONS:**

- Power On Water below temperature set point.
- Red, water heater control "Reset Status" LED OFF.
- "Call for Heat" LED Off.

#### **OHMS RESISTANCE TABLE**

°F	OHMS
70°	11,884
120°	3,759
140°	2,488
180°	1,169

TEST 4	Upper Temperature Probe continuity check.	
	Red wire to red wire – Turn supply power "Off" for this test.	
IF	THEN	
Test indicates <b>no continuity</b> .	Replace probe.	
Continuity is indicated.	Probe should be okay (also verify Ohms resistance for water temperature). (Reading will be approximate.)	

## **TEST 5 – CALLING FOR HEAT – NO INDUCER OPERATION**



IF	THEN	
Pin 1 to ground check has no voltage	Reset control by interrupting power - note possible reasons for this from flashing LED code.	
	Replace ignition board.	
Pin 1 to ground has voltage	Proceed	
Pin 3 to ground has no voltage	Check wiring harness and plugs. Replace inducer.	

#### **CONDITIONS:**

- Power On. ٠
- Plugs in Receptacles. •
- Inducer operating. •
- No power to Hot Surface Igniter (HSI) • Note LED flash code.



INDUCER

EXHAUST

TEST 6	24 VAC Check of Blower Prover/Low Gas Pressure Circuit
IF	THEN
Ignition board receptacles E1, Pin 7 to ground shows no voltage.	Replace ignition board.
E1, Pin 7 has 24 Volt to ground	Check wire connection to and from inducer.
Voltage check of each draft proving pressure switch terminal to ground shows voltage to only 1 terminal.	Switch is open - check for proper draft (should also see LED 3 flash code). Check for blocked exhaust. Check that blower outlet exhaust damper is open. Replace blower (draft) proving switch.
NATURAL GAS ONLY	
24V is present from each draft proving pressure switch terminal to ground.	Check wiring from draft proving pressure switch to low gas pressure switch.
Voltage check to each terminal of low gas pressure switch and ground shows only voltage on 1 terminal	Switch is open - test for a minimum gas supply pressure of 5.2" W.C. Natural Gas or 10.5" Propane, dynamic pressure (should also see 3 Flash LED code). Replace low gas pressure switch if the gas supply pressure meets the minimum specification.
Voltage is present to each pressure switch terminal and ground	Check wiring from low gas pressure switch to ignition board receptacles E1, Pin 10.

# TEST 7 – INDUCER ON – PROVER SWITCH AND LOW GAS SWITCH CLOSED. NO IGNITER OPERATION



TEST 7	Voltage check and continuity check of hot surface igniter circuit	
	Continuity check - Power off- Plug removed from E4 receptacles.	
	Nominal 80 VAC check - Plug in E4- Power "On".	
IF	THEN	
Continuity is not indicated between E4 plug pin 2 to 4.	Check wiring and connection from E4 plug to HSI receiving plug. Replace HSI Assembly.	
Continuity is present.	Resistance should be between 11 and 20 Ohms at a temperature of 77°F.	
Voltage is not present between E4, Pin 2 to ground.	Replace ignition board.	
Voltage is present.	Continue.	
Voltage is not present between E4, Pin 4 to ground.	Check wiring and plug connections to HSI. Replace HSI.	
Voltage is present.	Note ignition board, Flash code LED. HSI should work.	

## **TEST 8 – IGNITER HEATS – NO MAIN BURNER**



TEST 8	IGNITOR HEATSNO MAIN BURNER
IF	THEN
Short heat up time of igniter.	Check control box grounding.
Normal (Approximate 20 seconds)	Check for 24V from E1, Pin 12 to ground during 4 second trial.
warm up - no ignition.	Yes - ContinueNo - Replace Ignition Board.
No voltage present E4, Pin 12 to	Replace ignition board.
ground.	
24 Volt was present from E1, Pin	Check that air has been purged from gas circuit. Check that wiring
12 to ground, but no main burner.	and connections to gas valve and E1, Pin 9 are correct. Check for 24
	VAC at E1, Pin 9 to ground during 4 second trial for ignition.

- Test 8 completed then:
- Turn off power.
- Disconnect wires from gas valve.



TEST 9	IGNITER HEATS – NO MAIN BURNER	
IF	THEN	
Meter reads 0 or 1.	<ul> <li>Check meter scale setting to read between 550 and 650 Ohms.</li> <li>Replace Gas Valve.</li> </ul>	
Meter indicates pilot and main coil have continuity.	Valve should be okay, still no gas to main burner, then coil may be stuck. Replace Gas Valve.	

## **TEST 10 – MAIN BURNER IGNITION FOR LESS THAN 5 SECONDS**

- Power On plug connected.
- Main Burner ignites for approximately 5 seconds then goes out.
- Tests 8 and 9 completed.
- Note flash code on ignition board LED.



TEST 10	MAIN BURNER IGNITION FOR LESS THAN 5 SECONDS	
IF	THEN	
No extended main burner ignition.	Check wiring and plug connections of HSI assembly plug and ignition board receptacles E1, Pin 2. Check that HSI assembly is not cracked or dirty. Check that flame prover will be in main flame. Replace HSI assembly.	
Still no extended main burner ignition.	Replace ignition control board.	

## **TEST 11 – WATER HEATER SHUTTING OFF BELOW SETTING**

- Main burner ignited.
- Stored water is below temperature setting more than 5° F (Tank Average).
- Power Off.
- Plug disconnected from heater control board receptacle E3 and E4.



TEST 11	WATER HEATER SHUTTING OFF BELOW SETTING
IESTII	(Water Temperature Circuit Check - Continuity)
IF	THEN
Continuity check pin to pin of lower temperature probe shows 1 or 0 (E4)	See Test 4. Check wiring and plug connections to heater control board receptacle E4. Replace lower temperature probe.
Continuity check red wire pin to red wire pin on upper temperature sensor shows 1 or 0 (E3).	See Test 4. Check wiring and plug connections to heater control board receptacle. Replace upper temperature probe.
All above checks are okay.	Replace the water heater control.

## **DISPLAY LIGHTS ON INTEGRATED HEATER CONTROL**





LED STATUS	INDICATION	ACTION
•	Calling for heat	Normal status. No action required.
	The ECO (Energy Cut-Out) has opened.	<ul> <li>Check for excessively hot water (203° F or higher).</li> <li>Check the resistance of the temperature probes and continuity of the high limit (ECO).</li> </ul>
	No power	Check the breaker.
0 0	Tank is at a set temperature ± 2° F.	No action required.
	Tank has cooled below 120° F. Preceded by "ECO Open" indication.	<ul> <li>Push the manual reset button.</li> <li>Troubleshoot to determine why the ECO opened.</li> </ul>

#### WIRING DIAGRAM



# COMMERCIAL GAS WATER HEATERS

Visit the "Information Central" link of **www.americanwaterheater.com** for a listing of available Service Handbooks.

For additional information contact:

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